

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for temporal inversion of a wave corresponding to at least one initial signal $s(t)$, where t is the time, this initial signal $s(t)$ exhibiting a certain central frequency f_0 , in which method a temporal inversion signal $\alpha \cdot s(-t)$, where α is a multiplicative coefficient and $s(-t)$ is the temporal inversion of $s(t)$, is determined, characterized in that it comprises at least the following steps comprising:
 - a first transformation suitable for lowering the central frequency of the signal and for substantially not causing any loss of information with respect to the initial signal is applied to the initial signal $s(t)$, said first transformation producing a first set of transformed signals comprising at least one first transformed signal $K_i(t)$ of lower central frequency than the initial signal, said first set of transformed signals $K_i(t)$ being representative of said initial signal $s(t)$,
 - a second transformation producing a second transformed signal $K'_i(t)$ substantially of the same central frequency as the first transformed signal is applied to each first transformed signal $K_i(t)$, said second transformation thus producing a second set of transformed signals $K'_i(t)$ from the first set of transformed signals $K_i(t)$, said second transformation being chosen so that said second set of transformed signals is representative of the temporal inversion signal $s(-t)$, and
 - a third transformation which generates the temporal inversion signal $\alpha \cdot s(-t)$ is applied to the second set of transformed signals $K'_i(t)$

2. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, ~~in which~~ wherein the passband Δf is less than f_0 .
3. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 ~~or claim 2, in which,~~ wherein the third transformation is a transformation inverse to the first transformation.
4. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, ~~in which~~ wherein the first transformation is a demodulation suitable for eliminating a carrier signal of frequency f_0 so as to extract said first set of transformed signals $K_i(t)$ from the initial signal $s(t)$, and the third transformation is a modulation of a carrier signal of frequency f_0 by the signal or signals $K'i(t)$.
5. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, ~~in which~~ wherein the first transformation is an IQ demodulation producing two first transformed signals $K1(t)=I(t)$ and $K2(t)=Q(t)$ such that $s(t) = I(t)\cos(2\pi f_0 t) + Q(t)\sin(2\pi f_0 t)$, the second transformation transforms the signal $K1(t)$ into $K'1(t)=I(-t)$ and the signal $K2(t)$ into $K'2(t)=-Q(-t)$, and the third transformation is an IQ modulation inverse to said demodulation.
6. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, ~~in which~~ wherein the first transformation is an amplitude and phase demodulation producing two first transformed signals $K1(t)=A(t)$, and $K2(t)=\phi(t)$, where $A(t)$ is the amplitude of the signal $s(t)$ and $\phi(t)$ the phase of the signal $s(t)$, the second transformation transforms the signal $K1(t)$ to $K'1(t)=A(-t)$ and the signal $K2(t)$ to $K'2(t)=-\phi(-t)$, and the third transformation is a modulation inverse to said demodulation, producing the temporal inversion signal $s(-t)=A(-t)\cos[2\pi f_0 t-\phi(-t)]$.

7. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in ~~any one of claims 1 to 3, in which~~
claim 1, wherein the first transformation is a subsampling, with a sampling frequency of less
than $2f_0$ but at least equal to $2\Delta f$, producing a single transformed signal $K_1(t)$, the second
transformation is a temporal inversion transforming the signal $K_1(t)$ to $K'_1(t)=K_1(-t)$, and the
third transformation is a filtering of passband substantially equal to Δf and centered on f_0 ,
transforming $K'_1(t)$ into $s(-t)$.

8. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in ~~any one of claims 1 to 3, in which~~
claim 1, wherein the first transformation is a downward frequency shift, into intermediate
band, producing a single first transformed signal $K_1(t)$, the second transformation is a
temporal inversion transforming the signal $K_1(t)$ into $K'_1(t)=K_1(-t)$, and the third
transformation is an upward frequency shift, the inverse of said downward frequency shift.

9. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in ~~any one of the preceding claims, in~~
~~which~~ claim 1, wherein the first and third transformations are carried out on analog signals,
each first transformed signal undergoes a sampling and the second transformation is carried
out digitally before converting each second transformed signal into an analog signal.

10. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 9, in which wherein the
sampling is carried out at a sampling frequency of below f_0

11. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in ~~any one of the preceding claims, in~~
~~which~~ wherein the wave is electromagnetic.

12. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 11, ~~in which~~ wherein the central frequency f_0 is between 0.7 and 50 GHz.

13. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 12, ~~in which~~ wherein the central frequency f_0 is between 0.7 and 10 GHz.

14. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in ~~any one of claims 1 to 10, in which~~ claim 1, wherein the wave is chosen from among acoustic waves and elastic waves.